June 20. Letters from Copenhagen, dated June 2, confirm, that before the Queen Matilda embarked for Stade, the had carried her point to far as to have an annuity for life affured to her of 30,000 rix dollars, which furn, in English money, amounts to 71251. fter-

ling:
William Eden, Esq; of Lincoln's-Inn, Barrister, and
Auditor of Greenwich Hospital, is appointed under
Secretary of State in the room of the late Thomas

Whately, Esquire.
The magman who formerly cut trees in Kew Gardens, made an attempt, as it is supposed, to assistance his Majest, in his way from one garden to the other at Kew.—He was, however, forgunately discovered by a treasonable paper he had put into the key hole of the garden door; and being apprehended, three loaded pistols were found upon him, and a class knife, with which he wounded one of the keepers of the manhouse.

Letters from Pa is fly, that 15,000 musquets of a new invention, are finished at Vincennes; they fire 15 times in a minute, carry 900 paces, and weigh nine

Last Sun lay died, at Warrington in Lancashire, Mr. Samuel Fothergil, an eminent preacher among the Quakers, and bro her to Dr. Fothergill of this city.

June 24. Came on, at Guildhall, the election for

Sheriffs for this city and county of Middlefex for the year enfuing; when A derman Oliver, and Watkin Lewis, Eq; were returned; but a pell was demanded for Alderman Plumbe. Alderman Kirkman who was likewife a candidate, declined the poll, telling the livery at the fame time, that whenever they should choose him, he should be ready to serve them.

June 26. There is an account from Spain, that a dreadful earthquake had almost destroyed the fine city of Manilla, capital of the Phillippine isles, in the South Sea.

June 30. The Moors have commenced hostilities against the Dutch, by taking a merchant ship from Amsterdam within fight of Gib altar. Other accounts say, they have taken above forty ships belonging to the Dutch, and carried the crews into slavery; and that a formidable squadron from Flushing is just upon the point of sailing, in order to make reprisals.

A patent is mading out of a Peerage for Sir Robert Keith, lately arrived from Copenhagen.

A gentleman from Paris affures us that the Princes of the bood have figured a protest against the whole proceedings of the court, from June 1771 to this time, and fent it to the King.

It is faid as a matter to be depended on, that a commission is now making out appointing his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester Captain General and Commander in Chief of all his Majetty's Forces.

The commission of banks specially against a certain Baronet's house will, it is generally thought, be superfeded; and many even talk, that after satisfying all just demands, there will not only be a redundancy of roo, oool but an estate of 4080% a year.

Sir George Colebrooke, and Mr. Arnold Nesbit, are.

gone to Dublin with a large fum of money, we hear to support a bank which they have in that city, and which in the present state of public credit cannot be placed upon too so so so do not so for a foundation.

placed upon too foild a foundation,

July 1. At the final Close of the Poll, this afternoon, at Guildhall, for Sheriffs of this City—and County of Middleiex, the numbers flood as follows.

For Mr. Alderman Gliver.

For Mr Alderman Oliver, 1586
Watkin Lewis, Ek; 1327
Mr. Alderman Plumbe 762

PHILADELPHIA, August 20.

Since our last several Persons have been taken up and committed to Jail, on Suspicion of being concerned in the late Robberies in this City.—One John-Dennis, on Society-hill, was likewise committed on Suspicion of receiving stolen Goods, great Quantities of which were found secreted in divers Parts of his House.

Extract of a letter from London, dated July 2.
"The great negro cause was determined a sew days ago, and the consequence was, the negro obtained his steedom. The poor fellow was present in the court at the decision, as were likewise a great many other

the decision, as were likewise a great many other blacks, all of whom, as soon as Lord Manssield had delivered the opinion of the court, came torward, and bowed first to the judges, and then to the bar with symptoms of the most extravagant joy. Who can help admiring the genius of that Government, which thus dispenses freedom to all around it? No station or character is above the law, nor is any beneath its protection. The Monarch and the beggar are alike subject to it. Pauperim taberne Regumque turres, are equally guarded by it."

ANNAPOLIS, SEPTEMBER 3.

On Tuesday last the Theatre in this City was opened, to a brilliant and judicious Assembly, with Kelly's Word to the Wise, which was received with the greatest Marks of Approbation.

The Alterations and Improvements fince last Seafon, have made this Theatre the most commodious and elegant of any, that we know of, in America.

When the Curtain drew up, the new Scenes painted by Mr. Richards, presented themselves tous, and exhibited a View of a superb Apartment, at the End of a sine Colonade of Pilars of the Ionic Order, which, by a happy Disposition of the Lights, had a most pleasing Effect.

The following Occasional Prologue, written by a Gentleman in this City, was spoken by Mr. Hallam

Gentleman in this City, was spoken by Mr. Hallam

HE various Dangers of the Ocean o'er,

The Sailor hails with Joy his native Shore;

Forgets the Terrors of the Voyage pall,

Nor dreads the rising Surge; or shiving Blast.

Nor dreada the rifing Surge, or shiv'ring Blast.
With equal Transport, We, once more appear,
Before our gen'rous, candid Judges, here;

On our Endeavours still vouchfafe to smile, So will you amply recompence our Toil; Boldly we'll aim to learn from Nature's Page, And strive to emulate the British Stage

Anobler Subject now inspires my Breast,
In ev'ry gen'rous, honeit Mind, confest,
I feel the ardent Passion fire my Heart;
Exempt from tragic Pomp, or service Art.

Long may bleft Concord here maintain her Sway, And radiant Science gild each riving Day; Whilst Patriots plead, without one private View, And glorious Liberty alone pursue!

So shall the Mother Isles with Joy approve.
And aid their Offspring with parental Love!

TO THE PRINTERS.

"Tribuni, Tubre Sedicionis, per 'Fas atq; Nefas, id egerunt, ut Plehem agitarent, Concionibus atq; Convictis

et gerunt, ut Plehem agitarent, Concionibus atq; Convictis in Patres, omnia turbarent, miscerentq; qu'an Ipsi, pulti sis claris Viris, ad summos Hovores, summamq; potentiam evadere requiverint. Ita, sub Specie Libertatis; Piebe, quod plerumq; accidit, Ludibris kabita, Jureque omni pessumdato, Civitas, uti par erat, in Unius Dominationem cessit."

Fragm. incerti Auctoris apud Meursium. AM a Man much given to Refverie, a Disposition, which, I am apt to think, bath lately grown upon me, from indulging myself in too frequent a Contem-plation of the publick/Miseries which every thoughtful Mind must prelage, from that implacable Spirit of Faction, which hath gone forth, and which feems to gathe daily Strength in this infatuated Province. Whi'th was, the other Day, walking in my Chamber, abforb'd in deep Meditation, I intentibly feil into a Comparison of the prosperous Dominion, and total political Extinction of those free states of Antiquity, which had appear'd, at their respective Periods, with such Splendor on the great Theatre of the World, but are at this Time-funk-into-the very-Depths-and-Darkness of Wretchedness and Slavery, After revolving thele Events, and endeavouring with the utmost Agitation of Soul, to explore from what Fountain they had iffued, I was fain to conclude, that they could have been produced by no other Caule, but the immediate Operation of that inscrutable Power, who, in the Language of holy Writ, breaketh in Pieces mighty Men without Number, and setteth others in their Stead. Job, ch. 34. ver. 24. It is likely that I should have continued in this sentiment, if I had not casually opened a Volune of Swift, wherein that deep Thinker pours all the Light of his admirable Genius to difpel the Obscurity which feemed, at first View, to have fettled upon the Subject.

From this Performance, I fend you an Extract, to which, as it may be too long to accompany this Preface, you will be pleased to give a Place in your next Gazette. I think it cannot but fend back, with a greedy Appetite, to a Perulal-of-the-whole-Piece, all-those who have any Relish for that exquisite intellectuxliRepast, which it is the Lot of a very few in every Age to be able to furnish. And if there lives One among us, on whom Nature, Study and Fortune have bestowed Courage, Halents and Leifure, it may chance to rouse him into Action: And such a Spirit, we may fairly hope, though he should not be able effectually to chain up the Plague, will, at least, by bringing Home to the present Posture of our Affairs, some pregnant Crisis in the Fate of those People, who have been demonstrably precipitated on their Ruin by the pernicious Counsels of professed Patriots, open such Scenes, and hold up such a Mirror, as cannot fail to inspire the virtuous with Refolution, retard the violent in the Career, and disarm the vizarded Incendiary of half his Power of doing Mischief.

Charles County, August the 24th, 1772.

TO THE PRINTER.

CORIOLANUS.

A FTER publishing the following, let the Author of it attempt again, if he can, to reconcile his political Character with that of his Profession. Happy had it been for him, to have recollected, ere he made some violent Speeches in the Lower House of Assembly, that he might afterwards be tempted with a Fee, for his Advice in variting !—Such, indeed, was the Case, when he gave the Opinion lately published; which was so apparently in Favour of the Clergy. The People, however, were too discerning, not to perceive the Inconsistency and ill Design of their Representative. Accordingly, he was called upon to account for his Conduct.—I need not make use of many. Words to inform you how he acquitted himself.—In thort, he said that his Opinion was given, on Supposition that the Law of 1702 was in Force; but inasmuch as he believed that Law was not in Force; he could not be justly charged with contributing to the Support of the Cause of the Clergy.

With this Apology all were seemingly satisfied.—

With this Apology all were feemingly satisfied.—But will they not again be alarmed, when they find that Mr. Chase had, some Time before then, actually admitted, likewise, the Validity of the above Law? This will appear, plain as the Sun-at Noon, from the iopinion below; the Authenticity of which is incontestible. And I defy either Mr. CHASE or any of his Friends to say One Word in his Defence—Surely, we shall not hear of his baranguing again, on the Occation. It say; the Bars of my countrymen, I trust, will be callous as the Grave. Wronged in their Confidence, they can and will rjudge now for themselves, from the plain Circumstances which have been honest y laid before them. They will affert their Right to Reafon; and no longer be hoodwinked. They will prove themselves Men.

rithe Rev. Mr. Barclay has stated to me, that he has inducted by the late Governor, Mr. Skarpe, to St. Peter's Parish, in Talbot County, some Time in May 1762; and received his Dues from the Time of his laduction to the first Day of November following; and from that Day yearly to the first of November 1765; that the Inspection Law, expired on the 20th of October 1770; that he remains to this Time Incumbent of that Parish.

I have perused Mr. Barclay's Instructions to Mr.

Mr. Barclay has applied to me for my Opinion what he is entitled to receive from the Scientif for the Year

1 am clearly of Opinion, that every Taxable in St. Peter's Parish, not making Oath, and lodging a Centificate as directed by the late Inspection Law, was Debtor fuch a Proportion of Thirty Pounds of isspect ed Tobacco as the Time from the fielt-of Mountario. the twentieth of Odnber bears to the entire Year. And from each Taxable complying with the Direction, of that Act, the Jame Proportion at 12/6 per Hundred; and that after the twentieth of October, the Expiration of that Law, Mr. Barday is ENTITLED TO RECEIVE ON-DER, THE LAW OF 1702 j'or in flort, that he ig entitled to be paid for that Rart of the Year agreeable to the late Inspection Law. But I am ef Opinion that as the taxable Inhabitants of Mee Barclay's Paulh had il not in their Power, from the Circumfrance of the Expiration of the Law, to pay the Sheriff in Inspedors Notes, that Mr. Earclay can only recover from the Sheriff what, on a Trial, the Jury shall ascertain the Value of inspected Tobacco to have been at the Time it was due.

I am of Opinion that Mr. Barclay may fue at Law on Mr. Sherwood's Sheriff's Bond, or may fue him alone in an Action for Tobacco and Money had and received to his Ute; and I am at present of Opinion, that he may sue him to account in the Court of Chancery; but of this I am not fully satisfied.

Annapolis, April 3d, 1772. SAMUEL CHASE.

THE Second Lot from the Eastern Branch Bridge to be fold to the highest Bidder, on Saturday the 20th Day of September next ensuing, with all the Improvements thereon; A Dwelling House 28 Feet by 20, Three Rooms on the lower Floor; Two 2-bove; a Kitchen 16 Feet by 12 joining the House, a good Cellar the Bigness of the House, will contain 50 Hogsheads; a Meat House 12 Feet by 12; a Garden of Good Gound: All in good Order. All for C shoor good Bills of Exchange. The Title indisputable. (w6)

WAIT STILL SINGLETON CHURCH.

Just imported, in the Nancy, Capt. How, from Landon,
and to be fold by the Subscribers, at their Store on the
Front of the Dock in Annapolis, subslessed or retail, on
the most reasonable Terms, for ready Money or on fact
Credit.

A LARGE and general Affortment of European and East India Goods, fuitable to the approaching Season, in which there is great Variety and Choice. WALLACE, DAVIDSON and JOHNSON.

Annayo'is, September 2; 1972.

JUST IMPORTED FROM IRELAND;

A PARCEL of Irifo Linens, which will be fold after very low Advance: They were bought for ready Money and are exceeding cheap, so that I can afford to seil them on better Terms than any that can be imported from London: As I have engaged to seave this Place by the 10th of next Month, I will sell what Goods I have on Hand on the most advantageous Terms to the Purchaser, either wholesale or retale.

In the Month of Ma, 1770, and I believe the 29th Day of faid Month, I passed a Bond with Mr. Townly Bruce my Security, to Mr. Walter Clements Son of Jacob, of Charles County, conditioned to pay the said Walter, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, the Sum of Ninety-three Pounds Currency: which said Sum has been paid to the said Walter Clements on my Account, by Mess. John Barnes and Thements on my Account, by Mess. John Barnes and Thements How Ridgate, Mirchants in Port-Tobace; and 21 the said Walter refuses to deliver up said Bond, pretending it is not paid off. This is to forewarn all Perfons whatsoever from taking an Assignment thereof, 22. I will not pay any Part or Parcel of said Bond, the same having been already discharged in Manner abovementioned.

10HN MADDOX.

mentioned.

I hereby certify, that on the 29th May 1776, Mr. John Maddox left Credit to Mr. Walter Clements ben of Jacob, for Ninety-three Pounds Currency, on the Bocks of Mest. Earner and Ridgate at their Stere in Port-Tobacco, which said Sum was left by Consent of the said Walter, and in full of the Bond absormationed, as appears by said Books; the, said Walter having, on the 29th Day of May aforesaid; ordered the following Payments to be made on his Account the faill Barnes and Ridgate, viz. To Daniel Jacques ton 91: 14.5. 5d. Currency; and it surther appears on the laid Books, that the said Walter was at that Time, and still is, ind-lited to the said Barnes and Ridgate. Blance, after allowing him for the said Credit of 91. Currency:

22d August 1772.

Mr. W A L L, COMEDIAN,
Engages to teach Ladies and Gentlemen to play as the
GUITTAR and MANDOLIN.

IIIS Terms are One Guinea, Entrance and the fame Sum for every Eight Attendances, Those who think proper to employ him, by fending the Commands to his Lodgings, at Mr. Lindfors, att the Town Gate, will be immediately waited on.

W. S. Carmon Habers

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